#### § 16.240

DOT agency for the same marine employer, the crewmember shall be subject to random drug testing at the percentage rate established for the calendar year by the DOT agency regulating more than 50 percent of the crewmember's function.

- (j) If a marine employer is required to conduct random drug testing under the drug testing rules of more than one DOT agency, the marine employer may—
- (1) Establish separate pools for random selection, with each pool containing the covered crewmembers who are subject to testing at the same required rate; or
- (2) Randomly select such crewmembers for testing at the highest percentage rate established for the calendar year by any DOT agency to which the marine employer is subject.
- (k) An individual may not be engaged or employed, including self-employment, on a vessel in a position as master, operator, or person in charge for which a license or merchant mariner's document is required by law or regulation unless all crewmembers covered by this section are subject to the random testing requirements of this section.

[CGD 90-014, 56 FR 31034, July 8, 1991, as amended by 59 FR 62227, Dec. 2, 1994]

# §16.240 Serious marine incident testing requirements.

The marine employer shall ensure that all persons directly involved in a serious marine incident are chemically tested for evidence of dangerous drugs and alcohol in accordance with the requirements of 46 CFR 4.06.

### §16.250 Reasonable cause testing requirements.

- (a) The marine employer shall require any crewmember engaged or employed on board a vessel owned in the United States that is required by law or regulation to engage, employ or be operated by an individual holding a license, certificate of registry, or merchant mariner's document issued under this subchapter, who is reasonably suspected of using a dangerous drug to be chemically tested for dangerous drugs.
- (b) The marine employer's decision to test must be based on a reasonable

and articulable belief that the individual has used a dangerous drug based on direct observation of specific, contemporaneous physical, behavioral, or performance indicators of probable use. Where practicable, this belief should be based on the observation of the individual by two persons in supervisory positions.

- (c) When the marine employer requires testing of an individual under the provisions of this section, the individual must be informed of that fact and directed to provide a urine specimen as soon as practicable. This fact shall be entered in the vessel's official log book, if one is required.
- (d) If an individual refuses to provide a urine specimen when directed to do so by the employer under the provisions of this section, this fact shall be entered in the vessel's official log book, if one is required.

#### §16.260 Records.

- (a) Employers shall maintain records of chemical tests which the Medical Review Officer reports as *positive* for a period of at least 5 years and shall make these records available to Coast Guard officials upon request. Records of tests reported as *negative* shall be retained for one year.
  - (b) The records shall be sufficient to:
- (1) Satisfy the requirements of §§16.210(b) and 16.220(c) of this part.
- (2) Identify the total number of individuals chemically tested annually for dangerous drugs in each of the categories of testing required by this part including the annual number of individuals failing chemical tests and the number and types of drugs for which individuals tested positive.

[CGD 86-067, 53 FR 47079, Nov. 21, 1988, as amended by CGD 91-223, 60 FR 4526, Jan. 23, 1995]

### Subpart C—Standards for Chemical Testing for Dangerous Drugs

# §16.301 Procedures for Transportation Workplace Drug Testing Programs.

Drug testing programs subject to this part shall be conducted in accordance with 49 CFR part 40, Procedures for

Transportation Workplace Drug Testing Programs. This subpart summarizes requirements for drug testing programs contained in those regulations. Those regulations should be consulted to determine the specific procedures which must be established and utilized. Drug testing programs required by this part shall use only drug testing laboratories certified by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS).

#### §16.310 General.

- (a) *Collection site*. The employer shall ensure that the collection site is adequate to provide for the collection, security, temporary storage, and shipping of specimens to a certified drug testing laboratory.
- (b) Security. Procedures shall provide for the collection site to be secure. Collection sites dedicated solely for specimen collection must be secure at all times. Collection sites which are not dedicated solely for specimen collection must be secured during specimen collection.
- (c) Access to authorized personnel only. No unauthorized personnel shall be permitted in any part of a collection site when specimens are collected nor shall unauthorized personnel be allowed access to stored specimens.
- (d) *Privacy.* Procedures for collecting urine specimens shall allow for individual privacy unless there is reason to believe that a particular individual may alter or substitute the specimen to be provided.
- (e) *Integrity of specimens.* Collection site personnel shall take precautions to ensure that each specimen is not adulterated or diluted during the collection process.

#### §16.320 Chain of custody.

- (a) A chain of custody for each specimen to be chemically tested shall be established and maintained from the time of specimen collection through the testing of the specimen.
- (b) If a specimen is not immediately prepared for shipment, it shall be safeguarded during temporary storage.
- (c) Every effort shall be made to minimize the number of persons handling specimens.

# §16.330 Specimen handling and shipping.

- (a) The employer shall obtain a specimen collection and shipping kit to be used to collect specimens and ship them to the certified drug testing laboratory.
- (b) The specimen collection and shipping kit, as required by 49 CFR part 40, shall contain:
- (1) Plastic urine specimen bottles in a sufficient quantity to accommodate the people to be tested;
- (2) Means for sealing and identifying specimen bottles;
  - (3) Chain of custody forms;
- (4) A set of step-by-step instructions which describe the proper procedures to be followed during specimen collection, handling, and shipping; and
  - (5) Shipping materials.
- (c) The marine employer shall ensure that specimens are promptly shipped to a certified testing laboratory meeting the requirements of §16.340. Chain of custody documents must accompany each specimen from the time of specimen collection through shipment to and testing by the laboratory.
- (d) Specimens shall be shipped by an expeditious means.

#### §16.340 Test laboratory requirements.

- (a) The employer shall ensure that all chemical testing for dangerous drugs required by this part is conducted by a DHHS certified laboratory.
- (b) The laboratory shall meet the requirements of 49 CFR part 40.

### §16.350 Specimen analysis.

- (a) Each specimen shall be analyzed in accordance with 49 CFR 40.29, which requires testing for—
  - (1) Marijuana;
  - (2) Cocaine;
  - (3) Opiates;
  - (4) Phencyclidine (PCP); and
  - (5) Amphetamines.
- (b) A specimen which indicates the presence of a dangerous drug at a level equal to or exceeding the levels established in 49 CFR 40.29 is reported to the Medical Review Officer as positive.

[CGD 90-053, 58 FR 31107, May 28, 1993]